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(Original	Signature	of Member)

118th CONGRESS 2d Session



To require the Secretary of Energy to conduct a study and submit a report on the greenhouse gas emissions intensity of certain products produced in the United States and in certain foreign countries, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CURTIS introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To require the Secretary of Energy to conduct a study and submit a report on the greenhouse gas emissions intensity of certain products produced in the United States and in certain foreign countries, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Providing Reliable, Ob5 jective, Verifiable Emissions Intensity and Transparency
6 Act of 2024" or the "PROVE IT Act of 2024".

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1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) The European Union enacted, and is begin4 ning enforcement of, a carbon border adjustment
5 mechanism that will impact the United States. Other
6 major trading partners of the United States are ex7 ploring or developing similar policies, including Aus8 tralia, Japan, and the United Kingdom.

9 (2) Questions remain about how the European 10 Union and others will calculate United States emis-11 sions intensity for covered products and the accuracy 12 of such determinations.

13 (3) Public entities, like the Department of En-14 ergy's National Energy Technology Laboratory, and 15 various private sector groups have published studies 16 showing the United States comparative emissions in-17 tensity advantage in production of manufactured 18 goods like steel and aluminum, as well as raw energy 19 sources like critical minerals, natural gas, and crude 20 oil.

(4) The private sector of the United States is
leading in emissions reductions and abides by some
of the cleanest and safest standards in the world.

(5) There is a need to obtain high-quality and
consolidated government data to show America's
comparative emissions advantage in the event of

questionable calculations of United States emissions
 by foreign entities.

(6) In stark contrast, China has leveraged 3 4 human rights abuses and lax environmental perform-5 ance and enforcement to create a competitive advan-6 tage in international trade, undermining United 7 States industrial competitiveness. Nonmarket econo-8 mies that do not share common social and economic 9 values with the United States share this general 10 tendency.

(7) The United States needs a better understanding of the extent of human rights abuses and
how they impact international trade flows.

14 SEC. 3. STUDY ON GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS INTEN-

SITY OF CERTAIN PRODUCTS PRODUCED IN

15

16 THE UNITED STATES AND IN CERTAIN FOR-17 EIGN COUNTRIES.

18 (a) Study.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
the date of enactment of this Act, and not later than
5 years thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination
with the Secretary of Commerce (including appropriate officials of the Bureau of the Census and the
International Trade Administration), the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the

1	United States Trade Representative, the United
2	States International Trade Commission, the Sec-
3	retary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of State,
4	and such other Federal officials as the Secretary de-
5	termines to be appropriate, shall conduct, and sub-
6	mit to the appropriate committees of Congress a re-
7	port describing the results of, a study—
8	(A) to determine the average product emis-
9	sions intensity of each category of covered prod-
10	ucts produced in the United States;
11	(B) to identify gaps in product emissions
12	intensity data for categories of covered products
13	produced in the United States;
14	(C) subject to paragraph $(2)(B)$, to deter-
15	mine the average product emissions intensity of
16	each category of covered products produced in
17	covered countries, which may incorporate, as
18	the Secretary determines to be appropriate,
19	findings from—
20	(i) the implementation of the meas-
21	ures described in section 40416(a) of the
22	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
23	(42 U.S.C. 18776(a)); and
24	(ii) the international energy data re-
25	sources described in that section;

1	(D) to identify any issues with verifying
2	the average product emissions intensity data for
3	covered products produced in covered countries;
4	and
5	(E) to determine the relative average prod-
6	uct emissions intensity of each category of cov-
7	ered products produced in the United States
8	compared to the average product emissions in-
9	tensity of each category of covered products
10	produced in covered countries.
11	(2) Requirements.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The report submitted
13	under paragraph (1) shall include—
14	(i) a detailed, specific, and trans-
15	parent description of the methodology used
16	to determine the average product emissions
17	intensity of a category of covered products
18	under subparagraphs (A) and (C) of that
19	paragraph;
20	(ii) a record of all sources of data
21	used to determine the average product
22	emissions intensity of a category of covered
23	products under subparagraphs (A) and (C)
24	of that paragraph; and

1 (iii) the heading or subheading of the 2 Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States associated with each covered prod-3 4 uct for which the average product emissions intensity of a category of covered 5 6 products is determined under subpara-7 graphs (A) and (C) of that paragraph. 8 (B) CERTAIN COVERED COUNTRIES.—With 9 respect to a covered country described in sub-10

10paragraph (C) or (D) of section 5(5), in car-11rying out subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1),12the Secretary may limit the study under that13paragraph to categories of covered products14with respect to which the covered country holds15more than a de minimis share of the global16market share of that category of covered products17ucts.

18 (C) REUSE OF END-OF-LIFE MATERIALS.—
19 In determining the average product emissions
20 intensity of a category of covered products
21 under subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraph
22 (1), the Secretary shall favorably consider the
23 reuse of end-of-life materials in place of virgin
24 raw materials.

1 (3) COORDINATION AMONG PRIMARY STUDY 2 PARTICIPANTS.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the 3 Secretary, the Secretary of Commerce, the Adminis-4 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the 5 United States Trade Representative, the Secretary 6 of Homeland Security, the Secretary of State, and 7 such other Federal officials as the Secretary deter-8 mines to be appropriate shall establish procedures to 9 facilitate timely and efficient data sharing for pur-10 poses of carrying out that paragraph, including, if 11 appropriate, by designating appropriate individuals 12 with appropriate qualifications to review any data 13 shared.

14 (4) CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION WITH 15 OTHERS.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Sec-16 retary may consult and enter into agreements with 17 institutions having relevant data or data collection 18 or analysis capabilities, such as the National Lab-19 oratories, the National Institute of Standards and 20 Technology, the National Academy of Sciences, the 21 International Energy Agency, the Organisation for 22 Economic Co-operation and Development, and rel-23 evant academic and think-tank partners.

24 (5) CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION WITH
25 INDUSTRY.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Sec-

1	retary, in coordination with the Secretary of Com-
2	merce, shall establish—
3	(A) a process to receive data and com-
4	ments from industry partners; and
5	(B) a process for industry partners to sub-
6	mit comments for purposes of the later study
7	and report required under such paragraph.
8	(6) INTERNATIONAL COORDINATION.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out para-
10	graph (1), the Secretary, the Secretary of
11	State, and the United States Trade Representa-
12	tive shall make every effort to coordinate with
13	the governments of covered countries—
14	(i) to inform the determination of av-
15	erage product emissions intensity values;
16	(ii) to advance common emissions ac-
17	counting methodologies and data formats;
18	and
19	(iii) to improve overall data avail-
20	ability and quality.
21	(B) CONSULTATION.—In any case in which
22	a covered country is credibly collaborating with
23	the Secretary by supporting the collection, anal-
24	ysis, or verification of data, the Secretary may
25	give that covered country—

1	(i) a right to consultation with respect
2	to the determination of the average prod-
3	uct emissions intensity of 1 or more cat-
4	egories of covered products produced in
5	that covered country;
6	(ii) an opportunity to discuss chosen
7	data; and
8	(iii) an opportunity to fill data gaps.
9	(7) Data availability.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out para-
11	graph (1), the Secretary shall—
12	(i) take note of any instances in which
13	there is not sufficient data to precisely de-
14	termine the average product emissions in-
15	tensity of a category of covered products
16	under subparagraph (A) or (C) of that
17	paragraph;
18	(ii) include in the report submitted
19	under that paragraph—
20	(I) a notation with respect to
21	each instance noted under clause (i);
22	and
23	(II) an explanation for that nota-
24	tion;

1	(iii) identify any issues with verifying
2	the average product emissions intensity
3	data for categories of covered products
4	under subparagraph (A) or (C) of that
5	paragraph; and
6	(iv) identify any gaps in product emis-
7	sions intensity data for covered products or
8	categories of covered products produced in
9	the United States.
10	(B) REQUIREMENT.—For each instance
11	noted under subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary
12	shall determine the average product emissions
13	intensity of the next highest aggregation of cat-
14	egories of covered products for which data are
15	available.
16	(C) Considerations.—In determining
17	whether there are sufficient data to precisely
18	determine the average product emissions inten-
19	sity of a category of covered products under
20	subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary shall con-
21	sider the following factors:
22	(i) The public availability of statistics
23	on greenhouse gas emissions for particular
24	industries from government sources and
25	international organizations.

1	(ii) The public availability of data on
2	the quantity and source of inputs, such as
3	electricity, consumed by particular indus-
4	tries.
5	(iii) The extent to which the data de-
6	scribed in clauses (i) and (ii) cover a rep-
7	resentative group of producers within an
8	industry.
9	(iv) The transparency in the methods
10	used to collect, analyze, summarize, and
11	publish the data described in clauses (i)
12	and (ii).
13	(v) Whether there are other factors
14	that may impact the precision of the data
15	described in clauses (i) and (ii).
16	(vi) The recency of the data described
17	in clauses (i) and (ii).
18	(b) PUBLIC DATABASE.—The Secretary shall estab-
19	lish a public online database of—
20	(1) the average product emissions intensity data
21	determined under subparagraphs (A) and (C) of
22	subsection $(a)(1)$; and
23	(2) the relative average product emissions in-
24	tensity of each category of covered products deter-
25	mined under subparagraph (E) of that subsection.

(c) CLARIFICATION.—Nothing in this Act provides
 any new authority to any Federal agency—

3 (1) to impose, collect, or enforce a greenhouse
4 gas emissions tax, fee, duty, price, or charge; or

5 (2) to establish a new mandatory reporting re6 quirement (including by regulation) with respect to
7 the domestic production of any category of covered
8 products.

9 SEC. 4. ANNUAL REPORT ON FOREIGN COUNTRIES THAT 10 USE HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES TO CREATE A 11 COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE IN TRADE.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1 of each year, the Secretary of Commerce, in coordination with the 13 14 Secretary of State, the United States Trade Representa-15 tive, and other Federal officials that the Secretary of Commerce determines appropriate, shall submit to the Com-16 17 mittee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the 18 19 Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the 20 Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report 21 describing, to the extent practicable, how any foreign gov-22 ernment gains a competitive advantage in international 23 trade by permitting, or engaging in, through its agents, 24 representatives, or enterprises, wholly- or partly-owned, or 25 in collaboration with a private entity, the use of forced or compulsory labor, child labor, or unacceptable condi tions of work with respect to occupational safety and
 health, within its sovereign territory or abroad.

4 (b) INCLUSIONS.—Each report submitted under sub5 section (a) shall identify foreign countries that use human
6 rights abuses to extract critical minerals or rare earths.
7 (c) FORM.—Each report submitted under subsection
8 (a) shall be in unclassified form, but may include a classi9 fied annex.

10 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

11 In this Act:
11 In this Act:

12	(1) Appropriate committees of con-
13	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
14	gress" means—
15	(A) the Committee on Energy and Natural
16	Resources of the Senate;
17	(B) the Committee on Environment and
18	Public Works of the Senate; and
19	(C) the Committee on Energy and Com-
20	merce of the House of Representatives.
21	(2) AVERAGE PRODUCT EMISSIONS INTEN-
22	SITY.—The term "average product emissions inten-
23	sity" means the national average of the product
24	emissions intensity of a category of covered products
25	produced in, as applicable—

1	(A) the United States; or
2	(B) a covered country.
3	(3) CARBON DIOXIDE-EQUIVALENT; CO_2 -e.—
4	The term "carbon dioxide-equivalent" or " CO_2 -e"
5	means the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide
6	emissions with the same global warming potential as
7	one metric ton of another greenhouse gas.
8	(4) Category of covered products.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "category of
10	covered products" means—
11	(i) a category described in any of
12	clauses (i) through (xxii) of subparagraph
13	(B), each of which consists of products
14	covered by the headings or subheadings of
15	the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
16	United States described parenthetically in
17	that clause; and
18	(ii) any other category of covered
19	products, as determined by the Secretary,
20	consisting of products covered by 1 or
21	more headings or subheadings of the Har-
22	monized Tariff Schedule of the United
23	States.
24	(B) CATEGORIES DESCRIBED.—The cat-
25	egories referred to in subparagraph (A)(i), con-

1	sisting of products covered by the headings or
2	subheadings of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule
3	of the United States described parenthetically
4	for each category, are the following:
5	(i) Aluminum (any of 7601 through
6	7608).
7	(ii) Articles of aluminum (any of 7609
8	through 7616).
9	(iii) Articles of cement (6810 or
10	6811).
11	(iv) Articles of iron and steel (any of
12	7307 through 7326).
13	(v) Articles of plastic (any of 3916
14	through 3926).
15	(vi) Biofuels (2207.10, 2207.20, or
16	3826).
17	(vii) Cement (2523 or 3824.5).
18	(viii) Crude oil (2709).
19	(ix) Fertilizer (2808, 2814, 2834.21,
20	or any of 3101 through 3105).
21	(x) Glass (any of 7001 through 7020).
22	(xi) Hydrogen (2804.10).
23	(xii) Iron and steel (any of 7201
24	through 7306).
25	(xiii) Lithium-ion batteries (8507.60).

1	(xiv) Natural gas (2711.11 or
2	2711.21).
3	(xv) Petrochemicals (2901 or
4	2711.14).
5	(xvi) Plastics (any of 3901 through
6	3915).
7	(xvii) Pulp and paper (any of 4701
8	through 4707 or 4801 through 4813).
9	(xviii) Refined strategic and critical
10	minerals, including copper, cobalt, graph-
11	ite, lithium, manganese, and nickel
12	(2825.50, 2827.41, any of 7401 through
13	7404, 7406, 2822.00, 8105.20, 8105.30,
14	2504, 3801.10, 2836.91, 2825.20,
15	2820.10, 8111, 2825.40, any of 7501
16	through 7504, or 2833.24).
17	(xix) Refined petroleum products
18	(2710, 2712, 2713, 2714, 2715, 2902.20,
19	2902.30, or 2902.44).
20	(xx) Solar cells and panels (any of
21	8541.42 through 8541.43 or 8501.71
22	through 8501.80).
23	(xxi) Uranium (2612.10, 2844.10,
24	2844.20, or 2844.30).
25	(xxii) Wind turbines (8502.31).

1	(5) COVERED COUNTRY.—The term "covered
2	country" means each of the following:
3	(A) A country that is a member of the
4	Group of Seven.
5	(B) A country that is a signatory to a free
6	trade agreement with the United States that is
7	in effect as of the date on which the Secretary
8	begins a study under section 3.
9	(C) A foreign country of concern (as de-
10	fined in section 9901 of the William M. (Mac)
11	Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act
12	for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651)).
13	(D) A country that, in the determination
14	of the Secretary, holds more than a de minimis
15	share of the global market share, as measured
16	by official trade statistics, of—
17	(i) 1 or more categories of covered
18	products; or
19	(ii) upstream inputs for 1 or more
20	categories of covered products.
21	(E) Any other country that the Secretary
22	determines to be appropriate, including any
23	country that the Secretary determines is a sig-
24	nificant producer or exporter of at least 1 cat-
25	egory of covered products.

1	(6) COVERED PRODUCT.—The term "covered
2	product" means a product covered by—
3	(A) any of the headings or subheadings of
4	the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United
5	States described parenthetically in paragraph
6	(4)(B); or
7	(B) any other heading or subheading of
8	the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United
9	States included within a category of covered
10	products determined by the Secretary in accord-
11	ance with paragraph (4)(A)(ii).
12	(7) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term "greenhouse
13	gas" has the meaning given the term in section 901
14	of the Energy Independence and Security Act of
15	2007 (42 U.S.C. 17321).
16	(8) Product emissions intensity.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "product
18	emissions intensity" means the quantity of
19	greenhouse gases emitted to the atmosphere as
20	a result of the extraction, production, proc-
21	essing, manufacture, and assembly, as applica-
22	ble, of 1 unit of a covered product, including
23	the greenhouse gas emissions of an upstream
24	input that is incorporated into a downstream
25	covered product.

1	(B) UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.—The Sec-
2	retary, as the Secretary determines to be appro-
3	priate, shall designate the units of measurement
4	in which the product emissions intensity of a
5	covered product shall be expressed, which may
6	include—
7	(i) metric tons of CO ₂ -e per metric
8	ton of a covered product;
9	(ii) metric tons of CO ₂ -e per dollar
10	value of a covered product; or
11	(iii) any other unit of measurement
12	that the Secretary determines to be appro-
13	priate.
14	(9) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
15	the Secretary of Energy.